



**Fluid pressure causes
optic nerve compression,
flattening of the back of the eyeball,
and optic disc swelling**

1
00:00:00,506 --> 00:00:03,391
[Music]

2
00:00:03,891 --> 00:00:06,776
[Dramatic Noise]

3
00:00:07,276 --> 00:00:10,161
[Wooshing Noise]

4
00:00:10,661 --> 00:00:13,546
[Dripping Noise]

5
00:00:14,046 --> 00:00:14,886
>> All those in favor, say aye.

6
00:00:14,886 --> 00:00:17,126
The aye's have it!

7
00:00:17,426 --> 00:00:19,366
We're talking healthy
vision and the effects

8
00:00:19,366 --> 00:00:20,846
of space flight on human health.

9
00:00:21,136 --> 00:00:23,396
Hi, I'm NASA astronaut
Tracy Dyson.

10
00:00:23,556 --> 00:00:24,976
Welcome to Station Life.

11
00:00:25,516 --> 00:00:37,546
[Space Radio Transmissions]

12
00:00:38,046 --> 00:00:39,226
Hi. Welcome back.

13

00:00:39,506 --> 00:00:41,496

This month on Station
Life, we're going to look

14

00:00:41,496 --> 00:00:44,766

at how the unique environment
of space affects the human body.

15

00:00:45,316 --> 00:00:48,166

In recent years, a new
trend has been identified.

16

00:00:48,436 --> 00:00:49,646

It seems some astronauts

17

00:00:49,646 --> 00:00:51,966

from the International Space
Station have reported vision

18

00:00:51,966 --> 00:00:53,726

degradation during
their space flight.

19

00:00:54,366 --> 00:00:56,926

So research has identified
a possible link

20

00:00:56,926 --> 00:00:58,176

between vision impairment

21

00:00:58,176 --> 00:01:01,586

and the increased intracranial
pressure that's caused

22

00:01:01,586 --> 00:01:04,696

by the shifting of bodily fluids
from the lower extremities

23

00:01:04,696 --> 00:01:07,916

to the upper parts of the body
in a micro-gravity environment.

24

00:01:07,976 --> 00:01:11,176

This is an area of intense
interest onboard the ISS

25

00:01:11,266 --> 00:01:13,876

with implications for
future exploration missions.

26

00:01:14,236 --> 00:01:16,966

So watch now NASA
scientist, Jennifer Fogarty,

27

00:01:16,966 --> 00:01:18,926

explain this phenomenon.

28

00:01:18,926 --> 00:01:19,296

[Drip Noise]

29

00:01:19,296 --> 00:01:20,956

>> One of the things we
found over the years,

30

00:01:20,956 --> 00:01:23,256

is that there are changes
in the astronaut's eyes.

31

00:01:23,416 --> 00:01:25,506

Initially, in the
earlier programs,

32

00:01:25,616 --> 00:01:26,786

all the way through
the first part

33

00:01:26,786 --> 00:01:28,836
of International Space Changes,
we thought those changes

34

00:01:28,836 --> 00:01:30,816
in people's vision--
how they see things--

35

00:01:31,236 --> 00:01:33,416
was just temporary and minor.

36

00:01:33,416 --> 00:01:35,906
About halfway through our
International Space Station

37

00:01:35,906 --> 00:01:37,206
experience, we noticed that some

38

00:01:37,206 --> 00:01:39,996
of the astronauts' vision
changes were a little bit more

39

00:01:39,996 --> 00:01:43,286
severe, in that they had a
harder time seeing objects both

40

00:01:43,286 --> 00:01:47,076
near and far, and also the
vision didn't go back to normal

41

00:01:47,076 --> 00:01:48,856
as quickly as we expected it to.

42

00:01:49,076 --> 00:01:51,066
So, we started looking
a lot more closely

43

00:01:51,066 --> 00:01:51,896
at the back of the eye.

44

00:01:51,896 --> 00:01:53,826
What we noticed that

tissue in the back

45

00:01:53,826 --> 00:01:56,116
of the eye became a little bit
more swollen, and the shape

46

00:01:56,116 --> 00:01:58,376
of the eye changed, but
the big question is why.

47

00:01:58,806 --> 00:02:00,626
Why would someone's
eye change shape?

48

00:02:00,726 --> 00:02:02,906
Why would the back of
the eye become swollen?

49

00:02:02,906 --> 00:02:06,096
One of the major changes that
we've been able to document

50

00:02:06,096 --> 00:02:08,776
and understand is how
the blood volume shifts

51

00:02:08,896 --> 00:02:10,596
from your lower body
to your upper body

52

00:02:10,596 --> 00:02:11,796
when you go into micro-gravity.

53

00:02:11,796 --> 00:02:14,376
So things happen like
your nose gets stuffy,

54

00:02:14,376 --> 00:02:16,396
your eyes feel a
little bit of pressure.

55

00:02:16,396 --> 00:02:17,936

It feels like you have
a really bad head cold.

56

00:02:17,936 --> 00:02:22,156

Well we think that that change
in fluid volume and that shift,

57

00:02:22,156 --> 00:02:24,376

might be behind those
changes in the eye.

58

00:02:24,376 --> 00:02:26,316

We also think it could
be affecting the brain

59

00:02:26,316 --> 00:02:29,436

and changing what's called
intracranial pressure.

60

00:02:29,436 --> 00:02:31,346

Normally, we measure
intracranial pressure

61

00:02:31,346 --> 00:02:33,116

through a procedure
lumbar puncture.

62

00:02:33,386 --> 00:02:35,436

In space flight, that would
be very complicated to do,

63

00:02:35,436 --> 00:02:36,736

and we wouldn't want
to necessarily do

64

00:02:36,736 --> 00:02:38,336

that to our astronauts
if we didn't have to,

65

00:02:38,336 --> 00:02:41,476
so we look for non-invasive
ways of measuring pressure

66

00:02:41,476 --> 00:02:44,326
in your brain through
your eyes or your ears,

67

00:02:44,326 --> 00:02:46,286
or how much blood
flow is actually going

68

00:02:46,286 --> 00:02:47,906
to your brain using ultrasound.

69

00:02:47,906 --> 00:02:51,366
So, NASA has a lot of work
ahead to understand the use

70

00:02:51,366 --> 00:02:52,856
of these non-invasive devices,

71

00:02:52,856 --> 00:02:55,146
both terrestrially
and in flight.

72

00:02:55,146 --> 00:03:00,656
Part of our job is to understand
how we use these tools before,

73

00:03:00,656 --> 00:03:04,236
during and after a space
mission to compare the results.

74

00:03:04,236 --> 00:03:05,786
In the process, we
determine kind

75

00:03:05,786 --> 00:03:07,526

of how valid these
procedures are,

76

00:03:07,526 --> 00:03:10,216

how mature the technologies are,

77

00:03:10,216 --> 00:03:12,596

and how well we can apply
them not only to space flight,

78

00:03:12,596 --> 00:03:14,936

but what would be appropriate
for spin back to Earth.

79

00:03:15,516 --> 00:03:20,516

[Music]

80

00:03:21,016 --> 00:03:30,506

[Space Noise]

81

00:03:31,006 --> 00:03:39,516

[Music]

82

00:03:40,016 --> 00:03:45,000

[Space Noise]

83

00:03:45,136 --> 00:03:46,356

>> So by now, you've
probably heard

84

00:03:46,356 --> 00:03:47,856

about the 1-year
mission that's going

85

00:03:47,856 --> 00:03:50,596

on right now on board the ISS.

86

00:03:50,596 --> 00:03:52,736

One of the focal points
of this mission is

87

00:03:52,736 --> 00:03:55,106

to better understand
how does the body react

88

00:03:55,156 --> 00:03:56,646

to prolonged space flight?

89

00:03:56,936 --> 00:03:59,816

It's imperative that we
understand what these effects

90

00:03:59,816 --> 00:04:02,806

are, and develop
appropriate counter measures,

91

00:04:02,806 --> 00:04:05,066

especially if we're going
to go further into space

92

00:04:05,066 --> 00:04:07,376

on longer missions
such as going to Mars.

93

00:04:07,636 --> 00:04:10,946

So, let's learn more about fluid
shifts and ocular health on ISS.

94

00:04:11,016 --> 00:04:11,306

[Drip Noise]

95

00:04:11,306 --> 00:04:11,596

[Music]

96

00:04:11,596 --> 00:04:16,156

>> Did you know the human
body is made up of more

97

00:04:16,156 --> 00:04:19,806
than 60 percent water, and with
that comes challenges we deal

98

00:04:19,806 --> 00:04:20,916
with in our everyday life.

99

00:04:21,526 --> 00:04:24,686
Hi. I'm Dr. John Charles from
NASA's human research program.

100

00:04:25,536 --> 00:04:27,836
During the 1-year International
Space Station mission,

101

00:04:27,836 --> 00:04:30,606
NASA will conduct visual
impairment studies to learn more

102

00:04:30,606 --> 00:04:32,316
about fluid shifts
and vision health.

103

00:04:32,536 --> 00:04:35,466
Here on Earth, some of us
experience swelling in our legs

104

00:04:35,466 --> 00:04:38,036
or get dizzy when we stand
up to quickly or suffer

105

00:04:38,036 --> 00:04:39,296
from elevated blood pressure.

106

00:04:40,166 --> 00:04:43,316
These common ailments faced on
Earth are related to the amount

107

00:04:43,316 --> 00:04:46,456

of fluids in our bodies, and
how they are redistributed

108

00:04:46,456 --> 00:04:47,606
when we change posture.

109

00:04:48,746 --> 00:04:50,866
Remember swinging upside
down on the monkey bars

110

00:04:50,866 --> 00:04:51,666
when you were a child?

111

00:04:52,106 --> 00:04:54,346
You may have felt a heavy
sensation around your eyes.

112

00:04:55,246 --> 00:04:56,606
When astronauts are in space,

113

00:04:56,716 --> 00:04:58,436
they may experience
a similar feeling,

114

00:04:58,436 --> 00:05:01,356
as weightlessness causes fluids
to shift to the upper body.

115

00:05:02,306 --> 00:05:05,356
With this fluid shift persisting
for weeks and months in space,

116

00:05:05,356 --> 00:05:08,496
and not just seconds on the
monkey bars, pressure may build

117

00:05:08,496 --> 00:05:11,056
up around the brain and behind
the eye and affect their vision.

118

00:05:11,476 --> 00:05:14,076

In the past, we thought this was a temporary problem,

119

00:05:14,186 --> 00:05:16,816

but now believe it may be a more significant concern.

120

00:05:17,806 --> 00:05:20,796

Two visual impairment studies which use non-invasive tools

121

00:05:20,796 --> 00:05:23,646

like ultrasound devices, high resolution photography,

122

00:05:23,646 --> 00:05:27,036

and blood pressure monitors will assess what happens in the body

123

00:05:27,036 --> 00:05:29,156

when fluid volume shifts before, during,

124

00:05:29,156 --> 00:05:30,956

and after long-duration space flight.

125

00:05:32,036 --> 00:05:34,176

Researchers hope to be able to predict the magnitude

126

00:05:34,176 --> 00:05:37,496

of these shifts and understand the causes of related diseases.

127

00:05:38,766 --> 00:05:41,126

Vision is a critical sense on Earth and in orbit,

128

00:05:41,276 --> 00:05:43,506

and it is imperative we
learn more as we prepare

129

00:05:43,506 --> 00:05:46,216

for future missions to
asteroids, Mars, and beyond.

130

00:05:47,246 --> 00:05:50,016

Patients on Earth suffer from
similar problems may benefit

131

00:05:50,016 --> 00:05:51,966

from NASA's research
of this syndrome,

132

00:05:52,626 --> 00:05:53,716

and the increased focus

133

00:05:53,716 --> 00:05:55,506

on non-invasive measurement
technique.

134

00:05:56,016 --> 00:05:58,256

To learn more about NASA's
human research program,

135

00:05:58,316 --> 00:06:00,456

visit www.NASA.gov.

136

00:06:01,516 --> 00:06:04,781

[Music]

137

00:06:05,281 --> 00:06:08,546

[Typing Noise]

138

00:06:09,046 --> 00:06:10,516

>> When you're up
there for six months,

139

00:06:10,516 --> 00:06:12,706
or in Scott Kelly's
case, an entire year,

140

00:06:12,706 --> 00:06:15,806
it's really the working in space
part that becomes, kind of,

141

00:06:15,806 --> 00:06:16,936
the thing you love the most.

142

00:06:16,936 --> 00:06:17,926
It's the thing that gets you

143

00:06:17,926 --> 00:06:20,776
through the day is you're
working with these professionals

144

00:06:20,776 --> 00:06:23,506
on the ground, and a lot of them
have spent their entire lives

145

00:06:23,506 --> 00:06:25,996
working on these science
experiments, and here we are

146

00:06:25,996 --> 00:06:27,246
up there, and we
get to operate them.

147

00:06:27,246 --> 00:06:30,416
And it's really an honor to get
to do that, and in many ways,

148

00:06:30,416 --> 00:06:34,326
those are some of my fondest
memories of being in space.

149

00:06:34,326 --> 00:06:36,436

You get to work these
experiments

150

00:06:36,536 --> 00:06:38,346

and they're usually
watching over your shoulder

151

00:06:38,346 --> 00:06:40,046

from the ground, and
there was a lot of times

152

00:06:40,046 --> 00:06:42,226

where I would do something,
whether it was fluids,

153

00:06:42,226 --> 00:06:44,316

or with flame research,
it really didn't matter--

154

00:06:44,426 --> 00:06:47,186

the investigator would just
say, whoa, whoa, whoa, wait,

155

00:06:47,186 --> 00:06:48,806

do that again, that
was incredible

156

00:06:48,926 --> 00:06:50,046

and totally unexpected.

157

00:06:50,336 --> 00:06:53,676

And that was what just made you
smile big up there, when hey,

158

00:06:53,676 --> 00:06:55,306

we've been flying in
space a long, long time,

159

00:06:55,386 --> 00:06:57,006

but we are still doing research

160

00:06:57,046 --> 00:06:59,586
that has unexpected
results every single day

161

00:06:59,586 --> 00:07:01,106
on the Space Station,
and I really loved

162

00:07:01,106 --> 00:07:01,886
that about being up there.

163

00:07:02,516 --> 00:07:05,316
[Music]

164

00:07:05,816 --> 00:07:08,616
[Computer Ringing Noise]

165

00:07:09,116 --> 00:07:11,916
[Music]

166

00:07:12,416 --> 00:07:12,846
>> Hi, there.

167

00:07:13,146 --> 00:07:14,486
We have a special guest for you.

168

00:07:14,926 --> 00:07:17,626
We have with us today,
someone who is no stranger

169

00:07:17,626 --> 00:07:19,976
to human health and
space flight combined.

170

00:07:20,426 --> 00:07:22,736
Let me introduce fellow
astronaut, Dr. Mike Barratt.

171

00:07:23,446 --> 00:07:24,016

>> How're you doing today?

172

00:07:24,076 --> 00:07:24,143

>> I'm--

173

00:07:24,143 --> 00:07:25,496

>> Tracy, it's really
good to be here with you.

174

00:07:25,586 --> 00:07:27,016

>> It's great to have
you here with us.

175

00:07:27,206 --> 00:07:28,696

Thank you so much,
Mike, for joining us--

176

00:07:28,726 --> 00:07:29,156

>> My pleasure.

177

00:07:29,156 --> 00:07:31,676

>> -- for joining
us on Station Life.

178

00:07:31,676 --> 00:07:33,936

So, now, the fluid
shifts in the body

179

00:07:34,216 --> 00:07:35,786

in the micro-gravity
environment.

180

00:07:35,786 --> 00:07:37,706

You are no stranger to this.

181

00:07:37,856 --> 00:07:41,716

You're familiar with it both

professionally and personally.

182

00:07:41,716 --> 00:07:44,166

Can you tell us a little bit
about it from both perspectives?

183

00:07:44,446 --> 00:07:45,196

>> Well, like you, Tracy.

184

00:07:45,196 --> 00:07:48,116

I've had the opportunity to
experience the fluid shifts,

185

00:07:48,116 --> 00:07:51,216

and so when we fly into space,
a lot of things happen to us,

186

00:07:51,216 --> 00:07:53,926

and immediately when the
engines cut off, we almost feel

187

00:07:53,926 --> 00:07:55,576

like we're hanging upside down.

188

00:07:55,576 --> 00:07:58,536

That's what I remember, is being
three years old and hanging

189

00:07:58,536 --> 00:08:00,716

from the monkey bars and
feeling the fluid kind

190

00:08:00,716 --> 00:08:01,756

of rush to your head.

191

00:08:01,976 --> 00:08:02,126

>> Yeah.

192

00:08:02,216 --> 00:08:03,946

>> And you kind of feel
full and everything there,

193
00:08:04,336 --> 00:08:06,346
and that's just one of the
things that happens to you

194
00:08:06,346 --> 00:08:07,156
when you fly in space.

195
00:08:07,486 --> 00:08:11,046
But it's really an amazing
thing, because it's a small part

196
00:08:11,046 --> 00:08:14,156
of a very large change that
happens to the human body.

197
00:08:14,596 --> 00:08:17,206
We start adapting
to weightlessness,

198
00:08:17,696 --> 00:08:20,356
and so many different things
happen, that at the end

199
00:08:20,356 --> 00:08:23,886
of this adaptation, we almost
become extra-terrestrials,

200
00:08:23,976 --> 00:08:24,416
if you will.

201
00:08:24,736 --> 00:08:25,786
Our body is different.

202
00:08:25,786 --> 00:08:28,886
It changes shape, the
physiology is changes,

203

00:08:28,886 --> 00:08:31,436

our blood flow changes,
our heart changes shape,

204

00:08:31,636 --> 00:08:35,016

everything changes, and it makes
us better for space flight.

205

00:08:35,016 --> 00:08:37,316

It makes us function
better in weightlessness.

206

00:08:37,756 --> 00:08:39,356

But it can leave some problems,

207

00:08:39,356 --> 00:08:41,076

especially when you
want to come home.

208

00:08:41,326 --> 00:08:44,966

>> Yeah. So, kind of, give a
little bit of an example of what

209

00:08:44,966 --> 00:08:45,686

that problem would be.

210

00:08:45,816 --> 00:08:47,066

>> Well, one of the big things

211

00:08:47,066 --> 00:08:49,936

that we've really recently
discovered is a change

212

00:08:49,936 --> 00:08:50,366

in vision.

213

00:08:50,936 --> 00:08:53,396

And, I was actually up
there on my first flight

214

00:08:53,396 --> 00:08:56,456
about five years ago or
so, and maybe three months

215

00:08:56,456 --> 00:08:59,316
into the flight, I noticed
that I needed stronger glasses

216

00:08:59,316 --> 00:09:01,566
to read my check-lists,
and I thought, well,

217

00:09:01,566 --> 00:09:04,136
I know that some people have
said they needed stronger

218

00:09:04,136 --> 00:09:07,286
magnification before, so
let's see if we can find

219

00:09:07,286 --> 00:09:08,196
out something about this.

220

00:09:08,196 --> 00:09:12,396
And myself and my co-worker, Bob
Thirsk, who was also up there,

221

00:09:12,666 --> 00:09:15,046
who is also a doctor, by the
way, doctors rock in space.

222

00:09:15,146 --> 00:09:16,636
>> Doctors are great in space!

223

00:09:16,756 --> 00:09:17,396
>> Thank you.

224

00:09:17,396 --> 00:09:17,463

[Laughter]

225

00:09:17,463 --> 00:09:19,786

But we looked in
each other's eyes,

226

00:09:19,786 --> 00:09:21,846

and we thought we saw a
little bit of swelling

227

00:09:21,846 --> 00:09:24,896

of the optic nerve, which we
thought, oh that's very unusual.

228

00:09:25,576 --> 00:09:28,646

And we talked to our really
smart friends on the ground,

229

00:09:28,646 --> 00:09:31,046

and they actually sent
us some special hardware

230

00:09:31,046 --> 00:09:34,776

that gave us really good
looks at the back of the eye.

231

00:09:34,776 --> 00:09:34,866

>> Oh.

232

00:09:34,866 --> 00:09:35,076

>> And--

233

00:09:35,076 --> 00:09:36,456

>> First, I've got
to ask, how did you--

234

00:09:36,456 --> 00:09:38,756

how were you looking at
each other's optic nerve?

235

00:09:39,036 --> 00:09:40,106

>> Well, that's a good question.

236

00:09:40,106 --> 00:09:42,676

So, on the space station
in the medical kits,

237

00:09:42,676 --> 00:09:45,346

we have this little instrument
that the doctor may hold

238

00:09:45,346 --> 00:09:48,376

up to your eye some time and
just take a real good look

239

00:09:48,376 --> 00:09:49,306

at the back of your eye.

240

00:09:49,306 --> 00:09:50,076

Yeah, that's a good one.

241

00:09:50,076 --> 00:09:50,296

[Laughter]

242

00:09:50,296 --> 00:09:53,886

And so, we can see
things, actually,

243

00:09:53,886 --> 00:09:55,836

that we would be worried
about as a doctor,

244

00:09:55,996 --> 00:09:58,546

but this time it gave us
a chance to see things

245

00:09:58,876 --> 00:10:01,016

that are new as scientists,

246

00:10:01,016 --> 00:10:04,246

and so they gave us
a much better camera.

247

00:10:04,246 --> 00:10:06,576

Within about six weeks, they
launched this thing to us,

248

00:10:06,676 --> 00:10:08,356

and lo and behold, indeed,

249

00:10:08,436 --> 00:10:10,706

we did see some swelling
of the optic nerve.

250

00:10:11,226 --> 00:10:13,896

We saw some other changes in the
back of the eye in the retina,

251

00:10:14,386 --> 00:10:17,616

and then we also did ultra
sound that gave us a good look

252

00:10:17,616 --> 00:10:19,306

at the shape of the
eye, and you know,

253

00:10:19,306 --> 00:10:20,866

we saw some subtle changes.

254

00:10:21,576 --> 00:10:23,936

So, we were starting
to peel off the layers

255

00:10:23,936 --> 00:10:26,506

of something we had known
about for a long time,

256

00:10:26,506 --> 00:10:27,616

but just didn't know why.

257

00:10:28,206 --> 00:10:29,526

>> Well, you know,
this is amazing.

258

00:10:29,526 --> 00:10:32,206

This is-- not only is
it great to have doctors

259

00:10:32,256 --> 00:10:34,016

that have this kind
of expertise on board,

260

00:10:34,276 --> 00:10:42,096

but to have the curiosity propel
them to look deeper to initiate,

261

00:10:42,096 --> 00:10:46,096

I think, something that is very
important not only to our health

262

00:10:46,096 --> 00:10:50,156

on board the Space Station, but
to people on Earth, as well.

263

00:10:50,406 --> 00:10:52,736

I think-- I want to not only
commend you, but thank you--

264

00:10:52,736 --> 00:10:52,803

[Laughter]

265

00:10:52,803 --> 00:10:54,466

-- on behalf of--

266

00:10:54,696 --> 00:10:54,926

>> Well--

267

00:10:54,926 --> 00:10:57,176

>> -- on behalf of all
of us, myself included.

268

00:10:57,176 --> 00:10:59,046

>> I accept your thanks,
but I also have to mention

269

00:10:59,046 --> 00:11:00,236

that there are so many--

270

00:11:00,236 --> 00:11:00,526

>> Thank you, yes.

271

00:11:00,526 --> 00:11:02,346

>> -- really smart
people on the ground

272

00:11:02,346 --> 00:11:03,606

who have been helping
us do this,

273

00:11:04,086 --> 00:11:05,726

and some of them are doctors,

274

00:11:05,726 --> 00:11:07,956

and some of them are
researchers, and the problem is

275

00:11:07,956 --> 00:11:09,906

so big-- the questions
are so big--

276

00:11:09,906 --> 00:11:11,716

that we just need
lots of heads in this,

277

00:11:11,816 --> 00:11:12,906

and they're doing a great job.

278

00:11:13,326 --> 00:11:16,766

But what the human does when
it gets into weightlessness,

279

00:11:17,526 --> 00:11:19,556

immediately the body
shape changes.

280

00:11:19,556 --> 00:11:21,396

The chest actually
gets a little bigger,

281

00:11:21,396 --> 00:11:23,306

the waist gets a
little smaller--

282

00:11:23,456 --> 00:11:24,926

sounds great doesn't it?

283

00:11:24,926 --> 00:11:25,036

>> Yeah!

284

00:11:25,036 --> 00:11:25,103

[Laughter]

285

00:11:25,103 --> 00:11:27,566

>> And that happens
pretty quick.

286

00:11:27,566 --> 00:11:30,166

And your internal organs
actually move along

287

00:11:30,166 --> 00:11:31,086

with the diaphragm.

288

00:11:31,086 --> 00:11:33,256

It actually goes up a little
bit more towards the head.

289

00:11:33,256 --> 00:11:34,736

And that's why your
waist gets smaller.

290

00:11:35,686 --> 00:11:37,726

All the fluid shifts
to your chest

291

00:11:38,076 --> 00:11:40,336

because there's no gravity
keeping it down in your legs.

292

00:11:40,496 --> 00:11:42,476

But really, all of that happens.

293

00:11:42,476 --> 00:11:44,696

Your heart changes,
your blood changes,

294

00:11:44,996 --> 00:11:47,606

the way you regulate your
body fluid changes, your bone

295

00:11:47,606 --> 00:11:51,206

and muscles, unfortunately,
start to come apart

296

00:11:51,486 --> 00:11:53,596

because they're not
challenged by gravity every day.

297

00:11:53,596 --> 00:11:56,526

So, we have to exercise really
hard to keep those up there.

298

00:11:56,816 --> 00:11:58,456

But basically except for that,

299

00:11:58,456 --> 00:12:00,756
become adapted to
weightlessness.

300
00:12:00,756 --> 00:12:02,016
You become an extra-terrestrial.

301
00:12:02,226 --> 00:12:06,136
>> You mentioned earlier, about
all the different investigators,

302
00:12:06,196 --> 00:12:08,656
all the different scientists
and physicians who are trying

303
00:12:08,726 --> 00:12:13,606
to understand this phenomenon
of fluid shifts in micro-gravity

304
00:12:13,946 --> 00:12:15,196
and the effects that
it has on us.

305
00:12:16,496 --> 00:12:19,706
I know you flew on the
Space Station before I did,

306
00:12:19,806 --> 00:12:21,706
and so going back to the--

307
00:12:21,706 --> 00:12:22,166
>> I'm old.

308
00:12:22,166 --> 00:12:22,976
>> -- no. No, no, no.

309
00:12:23,086 --> 00:12:24,206
>> I'm just kidding.

310

00:12:24,306 --> 00:12:25,476

>> That's not where
I'm going with this.

311

00:12:25,476 --> 00:12:25,646

>> Right.

312

00:12:25,956 --> 00:12:29,306

>> The fact that you-- so we
can think about that time period

313

00:12:29,736 --> 00:12:34,766

when you first flew as when
the eye problems started

314

00:12:34,836 --> 00:12:36,496

to be a subject.

315

00:12:36,806 --> 00:12:37,246

>> Mm-hmm.

316

00:12:37,246 --> 00:12:40,296

>> And then when I flew,
which was I think a year or so

317

00:12:40,296 --> 00:12:43,176

after you did, we started
to get instrumentation

318

00:12:43,176 --> 00:12:44,286

on board the Space Station

319

00:12:44,446 --> 00:12:46,226

to actually start
investigating this.

320

00:12:46,276 --> 00:12:48,896

This is when, you know, the
experts started to come together

321

00:12:48,896 --> 00:12:52,256

and say hey, let's
investigate this.

322

00:12:52,516 --> 00:12:52,706

>> Right.

323

00:12:52,956 --> 00:12:55,546

>> And now, today, we
have a full complement

324

00:12:55,976 --> 00:12:59,776

of devices just to
look at the eye.

325

00:12:59,776 --> 00:12:59,876

>> Right.

326

00:13:00,036 --> 00:13:04,206

>> And that is not to
say all the other types

327

00:13:04,246 --> 00:13:08,566

of investigations that are going
on-- focused on fluid shifts,

328

00:13:08,566 --> 00:13:10,906

and so, can you share
anything more that you know

329

00:13:10,906 --> 00:13:13,716

about those investigations,
because I know you work closely

330

00:13:13,966 --> 00:13:16,386

and collaboratively with
all of those investigators

331

00:13:16,426 --> 00:13:17,686

that are involved in it.

332

00:13:17,766 --> 00:13:17,996

>> Right.

333

00:13:17,996 --> 00:13:19,056

>> So, tell us a little more about that.

334

00:13:19,056 --> 00:13:20,296

>> No, I mean, that's a great question.

335

00:13:20,296 --> 00:13:23,326

Because one thing we can say for sure is that the issue

336

00:13:23,326 --> 00:13:25,636

with the eye, it's much bigger than the eye.

337

00:13:25,636 --> 00:13:28,156

It involves the brain, the optic nerve,

338

00:13:28,156 --> 00:13:30,576

a lot of the central nervous system, and it's not new.

339

00:13:30,866 --> 00:13:33,846

It's just that we missed it for many years.

340

00:13:34,106 --> 00:13:36,706

Now when we go back and look at medical records,

341

00:13:36,706 --> 00:13:39,306

we find that some of our Russian colleagues had similar things

342

00:13:39,306 --> 00:13:43,286

going on in the MIR station,
and clearly, it's been happening

343

00:13:43,326 --> 00:13:44,936

since people have
been flying in space.

344

00:13:44,936 --> 00:13:47,026

We know that also from
looking back at our records,

345

00:13:47,516 --> 00:13:50,376

but we missed it because
we didn't have the tools

346

00:13:50,636 --> 00:13:51,536

that we have now.

347

00:13:51,536 --> 00:13:54,056

We didn't have the flight
experience that we have

348

00:13:54,056 --> 00:13:56,676

under our belts now,
and so, basically,

349

00:13:56,736 --> 00:13:58,686

we missed something very big.

350

00:13:58,896 --> 00:14:03,276

A global change that represents
another aspect of adapting

351

00:14:03,276 --> 00:14:05,016

to the zero gravity
which we didn't know.

352

00:14:05,476 --> 00:14:07,476
And why were we able to find it?

353
00:14:07,596 --> 00:14:10,436
Because we have this big,
incredibly equipped laboratory.

354
00:14:10,696 --> 00:14:13,956
So, in a way, the International
Space Station is doing exactly

355
00:14:13,956 --> 00:14:17,636
what it was designed to do:
Providing a big laboratory

356
00:14:17,636 --> 00:14:20,806
with lots of flight
experience and the means

357
00:14:20,856 --> 00:14:22,556
to discover really big things.

358
00:14:22,796 --> 00:14:24,796
Now, you know, but I can
tell you as a doctor,

359
00:14:24,796 --> 00:14:27,716
that the first thing
I think about is boy,

360
00:14:27,716 --> 00:14:29,346
we need to understand this

361
00:14:29,506 --> 00:14:31,486
because this affects
everybody who flies--

362
00:14:31,656 --> 00:14:31,746
>> Yes.

363

00:14:31,876 --> 00:14:34,366

>> -- potentially, and it's
not just NASA astronauts--

364

00:14:34,366 --> 00:14:34,456

>> Mm-hmm.

365

00:14:34,456 --> 00:14:36,576

>> -- it's whoever is going
to fly in space afterwards.

366

00:14:37,056 --> 00:14:38,676

The second thing I
think as a doctor,

367

00:14:38,676 --> 00:14:39,996

is what else are we missing?

368

00:14:40,266 --> 00:14:42,126

What else have we not found yet?

369

00:14:42,796 --> 00:14:45,096

And so it makes you want
to be very aggressive

370

00:14:45,236 --> 00:14:47,546

in doing all the science;
the investigations

371

00:14:47,546 --> 00:14:49,966

on the Space Station, because
there are surely things

372

00:14:49,966 --> 00:14:52,286

that we don't know, and we
don't even understand the eye

373

00:14:52,356 --> 00:14:53,096

thing totally.

374

00:14:53,286 --> 00:14:55,866

>> I was thinking we need to
send Mike back up into space--

375

00:14:55,866 --> 00:14:56,616

>> Yes we do!

376

00:14:56,616 --> 00:14:58,116

>> -- to figure out what
the next thing is we need

377

00:14:58,116 --> 00:15:00,046

to look at, quick!

378

00:15:00,046 --> 00:15:00,606

[Laughter]

379

00:15:00,606 --> 00:15:03,636

>> But when you start talking
about deep space missions,

380

00:15:03,636 --> 00:15:07,306

maybe a year in zero gravity or
even three years out and back

381

00:15:07,416 --> 00:15:09,946

to Mars, we're going to
ratchet things up a little bit.

382

00:15:10,576 --> 00:15:14,006

And there's several tools
that we want to develop

383

00:15:14,076 --> 00:15:16,576

to be sure we know what
best counter measures

384

00:15:16,576 --> 00:15:17,546

to use for what mission.

385

00:15:18,106 --> 00:15:19,966

So, certainly, the
heavy exercise

386

00:15:19,966 --> 00:15:22,016

that we do is one of those.

387

00:15:22,276 --> 00:15:24,886

Artificial gravity is another
thing we'd like to explore

388

00:15:24,886 --> 00:15:26,256

to know when to use it;

389

00:15:26,256 --> 00:15:27,756

what kind of missions
might require it.

390

00:15:28,166 --> 00:15:33,226

So, that would be a ship that
spins, or getting into something

391

00:15:33,226 --> 00:15:36,106

that spins you for a little
while each day to put back some

392

00:15:36,106 --> 00:15:40,076

of those G-loads, some of that
gravitational load from orbit.

393

00:15:40,576 --> 00:15:43,556

Certain medications that
can actually protect.

394

00:15:43,556 --> 00:15:46,106

We're looking at those that
can actually protect the bone

395

00:15:46,166 --> 00:15:49,066

from coming apart from
softening too much.

396

00:15:49,596 --> 00:15:52,296

And our biggest problem,
is really radiation.

397

00:15:52,996 --> 00:15:55,586

And once you get out
of low Earth orbit,

398

00:15:55,586 --> 00:15:59,426

and out from under the magnetic
fields that actually help

399

00:15:59,426 --> 00:16:03,196

to shield you, then radiation
becomes bigger problems--

400

00:16:03,286 --> 00:16:06,746

a much bigger problem for us,
and so, shielding material,

401

00:16:06,806 --> 00:16:09,266

being able to fly fast to
wherever you want to go,

402

00:16:09,266 --> 00:16:10,956

spending less time
in deep space,

403

00:16:11,386 --> 00:16:13,136

that will probably be
our biggest limiter

404

00:16:13,226 --> 00:16:15,266

to how much time we
spend travelling say,

405
00:16:15,676 --> 00:16:17,356
from Earth to Mars, right.

406
00:16:17,966 --> 00:16:19,716
So, there's many
different solutions.

407
00:16:19,856 --> 00:16:21,596
One of them is just to fly fast.

408
00:16:21,976 --> 00:16:22,066
>> Yeah.

409
00:16:22,456 --> 00:16:22,546
>> So.

410
00:16:22,906 --> 00:16:26,256
>> Wow. So, and you mentioned,
like a whole arsenal of things

411
00:16:26,256 --> 00:16:29,386
that we can do to-- that
we call counter measures,

412
00:16:29,386 --> 00:16:30,386
things which will help us

413
00:16:30,446 --> 00:16:34,136
to prevent the problems,
or counteract them.

414
00:16:34,136 --> 00:16:35,176
One of the interesting ones

415
00:16:35,216 --> 00:16:37,306
that was onboard the
Space Station right now,

416

00:16:37,746 --> 00:16:42,766
is principally from
our Russian colleagues,

417
00:16:43,086 --> 00:16:43,786
the chibas [phonetic].

418
00:16:44,166 --> 00:16:44,346
>> Right.

419
00:16:44,586 --> 00:16:47,166
>> So, do you have any
experience with that on orbit?

420
00:16:47,316 --> 00:16:49,286
>> I've actually never
been in the chibas.

421
00:16:49,286 --> 00:16:51,236
I've trained to use
it as an operator,

422
00:16:51,236 --> 00:16:55,696
so a chibas is actually
a bird in Russian.

423
00:16:55,786 --> 00:16:56,916
It's the name of a bird that--

424
00:16:57,016 --> 00:16:59,386
and they name most of their
suits-- their space suits--

425
00:16:59,386 --> 00:16:59,886
>> That's right.

426
00:16:59,886 --> 00:17:01,356
>> -- after birds,
which is really cool.

427

00:17:01,916 --> 00:17:04,876

But the chibas is what's
called a lower body negative

428

00:17:05,116 --> 00:17:05,836

pressure device.

429

00:17:06,126 --> 00:17:09,566

And what that does is it seals
around your waist, and it keeps

430

00:17:09,986 --> 00:17:11,596

from your waist down
to your toes

431

00:17:11,596 --> 00:17:13,756

in a vacuum chamber,
if you will.

432

00:17:13,756 --> 00:17:13,926

[Sucking Noise]

433

00:17:13,926 --> 00:17:14,806

Yeah. It sucks.

434

00:17:14,806 --> 00:17:15,266

[Laughter]

435

00:17:15,266 --> 00:17:17,806

And so, literally, it
draws a vacuum down there,

436

00:17:17,806 --> 00:17:20,396

and all the fluids that shift
into your head all of a sudden,

437

00:17:20,646 --> 00:17:22,266

now they want to go
back down to your feet.

438

00:17:22,356 --> 00:17:24,766

So, it mimics being
on the ground again.

439

00:17:24,766 --> 00:17:25,376

Which is really cool.

440

00:17:26,186 --> 00:17:27,366

Starting in a couple weeks here,

441

00:17:27,606 --> 00:17:31,266

we'll have a U.S. crewmember
doing LBNP for the first time--

442

00:17:31,266 --> 00:17:31,496

>> Oh really?

443

00:17:31,496 --> 00:17:32,826

>> -- in about 15
years, actually.

444

00:17:32,826 --> 00:17:33,746

It's really quite amazing.

445

00:17:34,326 --> 00:17:39,936

And so, Scott Kelly, our 1-year
guy, and his counterpart,

446

00:17:39,936 --> 00:17:43,996

Mikhail Korniyenko, will both
be doing LBNP studies associated

447

00:17:43,996 --> 00:17:45,756

with the eye investigation.

448

00:17:45,876 --> 00:17:48,676

>> Yeah. I flew with both
those guys, by the way.

449

00:17:48,676 --> 00:17:48,806

[inaudible]

450

00:17:48,806 --> 00:17:48,936

[Inaudible Speaker]

451

00:17:48,936 --> 00:17:49,066

[Laughter]

452

00:17:49,066 --> 00:17:51,046

>> And this will be
pretty awesome for us,

453

00:17:51,226 --> 00:17:54,706

because we'll be able to
combine the Russian LBNP--

454

00:17:54,986 --> 00:17:55,396

>> Yeah.

455

00:17:55,496 --> 00:17:58,386

>> -- with ultrasound
and other really--

456

00:17:58,456 --> 00:18:01,256

and some of the special cameras
that we use to look at the eye,

457

00:18:01,546 --> 00:18:04,946

and so we'll get a look at the
effects of moving the fluid,

458

00:18:04,946 --> 00:18:08,026

really, the fluid shifting,
on this eye phenomenon,

459

00:18:08,146 --> 00:18:10,156

and that's one of the

big pieces to this puzzle

460

00:18:10,156 --> 00:18:11,786

that we've been waiting
for for a long time.

461

00:18:12,136 --> 00:18:13,406

>> That is really exciting.

462

00:18:13,406 --> 00:18:13,546

>> Yeah.

463

00:18:13,546 --> 00:18:17,646

>> And I'm telling you, the
amount of work that we are able

464

00:18:17,736 --> 00:18:21,236

to get accomplished in just
one six-month increment,

465

00:18:21,306 --> 00:18:25,786

which is the typical stay, for
both Mike and I, and a number

466

00:18:25,786 --> 00:18:27,106

of other colleagues we have.

467

00:18:27,646 --> 00:18:31,166

But to think about what we're
going to gain in a whole year

468

00:18:32,006 --> 00:18:37,116

from both Misha [phonetic]
and Scott is pretty exciting.

469

00:18:37,436 --> 00:18:38,136

>> Yeah. We think so.

470

00:18:38,306 --> 00:18:41,266

>> Looking forward to--
especially when they get back,

471

00:18:41,366 --> 00:18:44,146
and [inaudible] about how their
experience was personally being

472

00:18:44,146 --> 00:18:46,296
up there for a year, because
it's really just scratching the

473

00:18:46,376 --> 00:18:48,426
surface of what we hope
to do in the future

474

00:18:48,946 --> 00:18:50,546
of going further into space.

475

00:18:51,406 --> 00:18:51,906
>> Absolutely.

476

00:18:52,086 --> 00:18:52,186
>> Yeah.

477

00:18:52,216 --> 00:18:54,416
>> And I-- I'm in contact
with Scott pretty frequently,

478

00:18:54,416 --> 00:18:57,186
and I know two things are
true: He's working real hard,

479

00:18:57,186 --> 00:18:58,176
and he's having a great time.

480

00:18:58,456 --> 00:19:00,646
>> That was-- that's two of
the most important things.

481

00:19:00,646 --> 00:19:00,713
[Laughter]

482
00:19:00,713 --> 00:19:02,776
>> Right, and that's
kind of what I remember--

483
00:19:02,776 --> 00:19:02,843
[Laughter]

484
00:19:02,843 --> 00:19:03,256
>> Yeah, exactly.

485
00:19:03,256 --> 00:19:03,406
>> -- as well.

486
00:19:03,666 --> 00:19:04,366
>> Mike, thank you so much--

487
00:19:04,366 --> 00:19:05,116
>> Oh, it was my pleasure.

488
00:19:05,116 --> 00:19:06,396
>> -- for being here
on Station Life,

489
00:19:06,396 --> 00:19:08,126
and we hope to have you
back again sometime.

490
00:19:08,196 --> 00:19:08,486
>> Great.

491
00:19:09,016 --> 00:19:09,083
[Buzzing Noise]

492
00:19:09,083 --> 00:19:14,076
>> Human beings want
to go to Mars.

493

00:19:14,486 --> 00:19:17,336

>> It's a fabulous
destination for us to explore.

494

00:19:17,736 --> 00:19:21,846

It has so many scientific
questions that we could answer,

495

00:19:21,846 --> 00:19:24,086

and it might actually
be the first place

496

00:19:24,086 --> 00:19:28,646

where we find life beyond the
atmosphere of our own Earth.

497

00:19:28,796 --> 00:19:32,236

>> We're already working on
what to do when we get there,

498

00:19:32,236 --> 00:19:34,506

and how to protect the people
who will make the trip.

499

00:19:35,186 --> 00:19:37,796

>> We're doing quite
a bit now, actually,

500

00:19:37,796 --> 00:19:40,726

in many different fields:
Medical, engineering;

501

00:19:40,726 --> 00:19:43,166

social sciences, to
understand what we have

502

00:19:43,256 --> 00:19:45,466

to to send people to Mars.

503

00:19:46,056 --> 00:19:48,556

>> And much of that work
is in progress right now,

504

00:19:49,766 --> 00:19:51,936

onboard the International
Space Station.

505

00:19:52,516 --> 00:19:57,192

[Music]

506

00:19:57,692 --> 00:20:02,368

[Pause]

507

00:20:02,868 --> 00:20:07,544

[Music]

508

00:20:08,046 --> 00:20:09,746

>> Since the first
people flew in space,

509

00:20:10,116 --> 00:20:13,366

we've been studying how their
bodies react in an environment

510

00:20:13,366 --> 00:20:17,586

where everything is up in the
air because they're weightless.

511

00:20:18,386 --> 00:20:20,126

>> You may develop
motion sickness.

512

00:20:20,126 --> 00:20:23,986

You will definitely have fluid
shifts into your chest and head.

513

00:20:24,816 --> 00:20:26,106

You will lose muscle strength.

514

00:20:26,636 --> 00:20:27,976

You will lose bone strength.

515

00:20:28,496 --> 00:20:31,486

You will be receiving
radiation that we don't receive

516

00:20:31,486 --> 00:20:34,026

on the ground, and we're not
sure exactly what that will do.

517

00:20:34,556 --> 00:20:37,316

Exercise is a very
effective counter measure.

518

00:20:37,726 --> 00:20:40,936

That, coupled with drugs used
for osteoporosis have allowed

519

00:20:41,046 --> 00:20:44,666

to eliminate bone loss in
most or all of the astronauts

520

00:20:44,666 --> 00:20:47,336

that have done both the
exercise and taken the drugs,

521

00:20:47,756 --> 00:20:51,426

but there's also the isolate,
confined, extreme environment

522

00:20:51,686 --> 00:20:54,116

that the astronauts are
in, and that's a challenge

523

00:20:54,116 --> 00:20:56,856

to the psychology and mental
health and performance.

524

00:20:57,286 --> 00:21:00,656

>> On the International Space Station, we've studied people

525

00:21:00,656 --> 00:21:03,226

in the space environment for six months at a time.

526

00:21:03,626 --> 00:21:06,866

But a Mars mission will take five times as long.

527

00:21:07,266 --> 00:21:09,946

>> Mars missions may take 30 months start to finish,

528

00:21:10,476 --> 00:21:12,326

so I don't think it's a bad idea

529

00:21:12,326 --> 00:21:14,366

to start getting some longer experience

530

00:21:14,496 --> 00:21:16,726

on the International Space Station to give us an idea

531

00:21:16,726 --> 00:21:21,036

of what's awaiting us on these future very long flights.

532

00:21:21,856 --> 00:21:24,296

>> So the station partners are taking the next step.

533

00:21:24,956 --> 00:21:26,966

For the first time ever on this vehicle,

534

00:21:27,226 --> 00:21:30,766

a pair of crew members is
going to space for a year.

535

00:21:30,766 --> 00:21:33,656

>> My first flight
was very rewarding.

536

00:21:33,996 --> 00:21:36,986

There was certain
times that are fun.

537

00:21:37,056 --> 00:21:38,486

It is very challenging to live

538

00:21:38,756 --> 00:21:40,326

on the Space Station
for six months.

539

00:21:40,676 --> 00:21:42,306

If we're going to go to Mars,

540

00:21:42,556 --> 00:21:48,026

we need to understand how the
human body reacts in space

541

00:21:48,086 --> 00:21:48,976

for longer periods of time.

542

00:21:49,516 --> 00:22:06,546

[Foreign Language Spoken]

543

00:22:07,046 --> 00:22:10,266

>> Station science during this
year will continue to study bone

544

00:22:10,266 --> 00:22:13,016

and muscle weakness and
psychological effects.

545

00:22:13,016 --> 00:22:14,406

But there are new goals, too,

546

00:22:14,736 --> 00:22:17,516

like gauging how being
weightless for many,

547

00:22:17,516 --> 00:22:21,406

many months impacts fine motor
skills and restful sleep,

548

00:22:22,076 --> 00:22:24,706

and evaluating readaptation
[phonetic] to gravity.

549

00:22:25,396 --> 00:22:27,686

>> After the astronauts
land in Central Asia,

550

00:22:28,126 --> 00:22:30,496

after the 1-year mission, we'll
take them into a small tent

551

00:22:30,496 --> 00:22:32,806

and ask them to do
certain very simple

552

00:22:32,806 --> 00:22:36,136

and very routine activities
and measure how much they can

553

00:22:36,136 --> 00:22:39,186

and cannot do after the
long period of space flight.

554

00:22:39,976 --> 00:22:42,246

>> And the crew will use
equipment that's already

555

00:22:42,246 --> 00:22:45,246
on board to try to
quantify the fluid shift

556
00:22:45,546 --> 00:22:48,306
that is the prime
suspect in vision changes,

557
00:22:48,306 --> 00:22:51,816
and maybe do something about it.

558
00:22:51,816 --> 00:22:53,836
>> Wouldn't it be nice
if we could change

559
00:22:53,836 --> 00:22:56,926
that fluid distribution in space
flight, and make measurements

560
00:22:56,926 --> 00:22:59,096
of the shape of the
eye and other function,

561
00:22:59,256 --> 00:23:03,416
and see if that really is
the cause and the effect.

562
00:23:03,416 --> 00:23:05,786
>> At the same time,
Kelly and Korniyenko,

563
00:23:05,786 --> 00:23:08,106
and their crew mates, will
help with the development

564
00:23:08,106 --> 00:23:10,346
of technologies that
will need to be improved

565
00:23:10,446 --> 00:23:12,876

if future deep space
missions are to succeed.

566

00:23:12,876 --> 00:23:15,796

>> The International
Space Station is a test

567

00:23:16,016 --> 00:23:16,286

bed [phonetic].

568

00:23:16,286 --> 00:23:19,036

It allows us to test our
communications methods;

569

00:23:19,426 --> 00:23:24,866

perfect them so that we know how
to handle large delays later on.

570

00:23:24,866 --> 00:23:28,176

>> Station robotics on ISS are
developing tools that are going

571

00:23:28,286 --> 00:23:30,556

to assist crewmembers
for future missions,

572

00:23:30,556 --> 00:23:33,146

especially long duration
missions to Mars.

573

00:23:33,376 --> 00:23:34,826

We're going to assist
the crewmembers

574

00:23:34,826 --> 00:23:37,346

by having the robots do
the repetitive tasks,

575

00:23:37,346 --> 00:23:40,986

and also do the tasks that are

in the dangerous environment

576

00:23:40,986 --> 00:23:42,836

that we don't want to
subject our crewmembers to.

577

00:23:43,446 --> 00:23:45,826

>> When we go to sit down
and finally design the new--

578

00:23:46,016 --> 00:23:47,776

next generation regenerative
[phonetic] life support

579

00:23:47,866 --> 00:23:50,606

for a space craft to take us
to Mars, we'll be able to draw

580

00:23:50,606 --> 00:23:52,376

on all the operational
experience we've gotten

581

00:23:52,376 --> 00:23:53,696

[phonetic] with the
space station systems

582

00:23:53,736 --> 00:23:56,026

to improve the system
and make a more reliable

583

00:23:56,556 --> 00:23:58,256

and user-friendly
system for the crew.

584

00:23:59,626 --> 00:24:01,986

>> While fostering
international cooperation

585

00:24:02,156 --> 00:24:04,576

and providing benefits to

people on Earth right now,

586

00:24:05,246 --> 00:24:08,466
and serving as a destination
for commercial vehicles

587

00:24:08,466 --> 00:24:12,766
and research, the International
Space Station is enabling future

588

00:24:12,766 --> 00:24:13,866
space exploration.

589

00:24:14,296 --> 00:24:16,866
The trip to Mars
starts right here.

590

00:24:17,516 --> 00:24:30,636
[Music]

591

00:24:31,136 --> 00:24:33,666
>> Okay. So on this
episode of Station Life,

592

00:24:33,666 --> 00:24:36,366
we learned about vision
changes in space brought

593

00:24:36,366 --> 00:24:39,006
on by the fluid shifts in
our body due to the lack

594

00:24:39,006 --> 00:24:41,886
of gravity onboard the
International Space Station.

595

00:24:41,886 --> 00:24:44,556
We also learned how we're
studying this phenomenon

596

00:24:44,796 --> 00:24:47,126

and what we're doing about it.

597

00:24:47,126 --> 00:24:49,516

This vision research

provides insight

598

00:24:49,516 --> 00:24:52,476

into the structural changes

that can occur in both the eyes

599

00:24:52,476 --> 00:24:54,026

and the central nervous system,

600

00:24:54,206 --> 00:24:56,826

which can be relevant patients

here on Earth suffering

601

00:24:56,826 --> 00:25:00,786

from a wide range of ocular

diseases such as glaucoma.

602

00:25:00,786 --> 00:25:04,066

As you can see, research

onboard the ISS continues

603

00:25:04,066 --> 00:25:07,796

to benefit us all here on Earth,

so be sure to stay in touch

604

00:25:07,796 --> 00:25:09,456

and follow us on

Facebook and Twitter

605

00:25:09,536 --> 00:25:12,266

for the latest research

news, and do not forget

606

00:25:12,266 --> 00:25:14,426

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